









**Hughes & Hough**  
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers  
Hare, Coal and General Produce  
Brokers and Commission  
Agents.

PROPRIETORS  
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Codes used  
Bentley's  
A. & C. 4th & 5th Editions  
A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address  
"HUGHES" HONGKONG.

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),

**TUESDAY,**  
the 26th September, 1916, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,  
**VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,**  
As follows:—  
Several Carpets and Rugs, Upholstered Suites, Arm-chairs and Sofas, Card Tables, Bedroom Furniture, comprising Double Brass-mounted Bedstead, Twin Bedsteads (Teakwood), Sideboard, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Table, and Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, etc., etc., Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, etc., Bath Room Utensils, Large Roll-top Decks and Writing Table, etc., a quantity of Electro Plated Ware.

Also  
1 Large Wall Clock "London Make," 1 Collection of "Butterflies" in Cabinet, "Caille" Portable Motors with Battery, etc., complete, 1 Piano in good condition, Electric Reading Lamp, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, Pictures, Engravings, etc.

And  
One New Gent's Bicycle, 2 Typewriters, A special selection of Brass Jardinieres, Vases, Finger Bowls, etc. (Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms—Cash.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Sept. 18, 1916. 1061

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),

**WEDNESDAY,**  
the 27th September, 1916, at 11 a.m., at No. 8 Kimberley Villas, (Top Flat), Kowloon,  
A QUANTITY OF  
**VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,**  
As follows:—  
Comprising:—  
Large Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, a quantity of Fumed Teak Bedroom Furniture in good condition, Toilet Sets, etc., Arm-chairs, Large Teakwood Settees, Long Blackwood Marble Inlaid Side Table, Large 4-fold Blackwood Screen, Hall Stand, Pictures, etc., Electric Fittings, Curtain Poles, etc.

And  
Pneumatic Tyred Ricksha.  
(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms—Cash.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1916. 1062

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),

**AN EARLY DATE.**  
The following LIGHTHOUSE GEAR:  
One oscillating apparatus, complete.  
Circular wick lamp.  
Spare burners.  
Cylinders and wicks.  
Incandescent Petrol Lamp, and apparatus.  
And  
A quantity of gear pertaining to Mooring Boats.  
Also  
A number of Locomotive wheels and Axles.  
Further particulars may be obtained from the undersigned.

Terms—Cash.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Sept. 19, 1916. 1063

## AUCTIONS.

G. R.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS and Conditions of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 2nd day of October, 1916, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Kowloon, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

## Particulars of the Lot.

| Boundary No. | Locality                  | Boundary Measurement (Approximate) | Containing in Acres | Containing in Square Feet | Containing in Square Meters | Containing in Ares | Containing in Centares | Containing in Decares | Containing in Hectares | Containing in Myriacares |
|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1064         | Wong Yick Street, Kowloon | 47 ft. 10 in.                      | 1.07                | 47,000                    | 4,700                       | 1.07               | 47.00                  | 4.70                  | 1.07                   | 0.047                    |

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),

## WEDNESDAY,

the 27th September, 1916, at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,  
**SUNDY SHIP CHANDLERS STORES,**  
Consisting of:—  
Lamps; (Masthead, Port and Starboard, Ruby, etc.) Glass; (Ground, Red, and Green, etc.) Brushes, Crockery and Selson Ware,  
Also  
A large quantity of Ship's Rubber Tiling, and a number of White Blankets.

## TERMS—Cash.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Sept. 22, 1916. 1065

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),

## FRIDAY,

the 29th September, 1916, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,  
**HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, etc.**  
Comprising:—  
1 Persian Carpet (practically new), Sideboard, Dinner Waggon, Dining Tables and Chairs, 2 Chesterfield Sofas, Arm-chairs, etc., Wardrobes and Toilet Tables, Double and Single Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, etc., Miscellaneous Furniture, several lots of Blackwood Ware, 3 Pianos, a few lots of Porcelain, etc., Pantry, Bath Room and Kitchen Utensils.

## TERMS—Cash.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Sept. 23, 1916. 1073

## PRELIMINARY NOTICE

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Liquidators of Messrs. Wirtz & Co., to sell by Public Auction on their premises,  
No. 1 Ningpo Street, sumat,  
A LARGE QUANTITY OF

## VALUABLE PLANT-MACHINERY,

## TOOLS, etc.

including Cast Iron Scrap and Metals, as follows:—  
One Electric Lighting Set, consisting of 400-watt Vertical Glass Engine, etc., complete, with Mounting and Switchboard, 100-watt Multiphase Boiler with 300-watt complete with all Mountings, and Feed Pump, One Horizontal Compound Engine, Condensing Steam Engine, with Pipe, Connection Valves and Stacks, Lanks, Several Double Geared, Screw Cutting, and Surfacing Lathe, 20-hp. very long lengths, 2 Planing machines, 2 Saws with Pulling Machine, 1 Shaping Machine, complete, with Shaft, Sliding Machine, complete, 1 power and hand-driven Screwing Machine, Shaft, Miscellaneous Assortment of Dies, Vertical Double-Cut Drilling Machine, complete, One Double Pillar Geared Vertical Drilling Machine (equivalent to two machines) by Appleby & Co., Halifax, England.

One Double Column Steam Hammer, complete with all connections, One Belt-driven Draught Blower for Blacksmith Shop, complete with connections, One One-Wheeling Tank with agitator, Gear Shaft, etc., etc.

Also  
A large varied assortment of Brass Valves and Corks, Brass Rods, Machine Screws, Copper Pipes, Copper Plates, etc., etc.

And  
SUNDY OFFICE FURNITURE, etc.  
(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

## TERMS—Cash.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Sept. 19, 1916. 1064

## THE WAR.

(Continued from Page 5.)

## SUNDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Services to the China Mail.)

## HEAVY ENEMY COUNTER

## ATTACKS.

## COSTLY TEMPORARY SUCCESS

## BY THE ENEMY.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Reuter's Correspondent at Headquarters in a message dated the 20th inst. states:

"The Germans during the past twenty-four hours delivered several heavy counter-attacks in an attempt to re-capture lost positions.

They were generally repulsed but the enemy got home in one or two cases, severe fighting resulting.

They gained a re-entrancy at Courcolette and the trenches between Fiers and Martinpuich.

Our artillery dropped a terrific barrage at the rear of the Germans to cut off their retreat and the bringing-up of reinforcements and supplies. Then the British infantry attacked, driving the Germans from all their temporary recoveries with sanguinary losses.

## BATTLE AREA A SEA OF MUD.

The weather continues bad. The rain has converted the battle area into a sea of mud, but the result of ceaseless work on road-making will be that the Boches will not get much respite. A ceaseless cannonade is proceeding.

## BRITISH PUSH FORWARD.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

General Sir Douglas Haig, in a communiqué, says:—There has been heavy reciprocal artillery fire.

By isolated actions we have improved our positions and pushed forward detachments in several directions.

There was great aerial activity yesterday. Two enemy machines were destroyed in the course of the fighting, and another was forced to descend damaged.

## 55,800 PRISONERS TAKEN.

PARIS, Sept. 23.

A communiqué states that the total number of prisoners captured by the British and French since July 1st exceeds 55,800. Of this number the French took 34,080.

## ISOLATED OPERATIONS BY THE FRENCH.

PARIS, Sept. 23.

Two isolated operations were carried out north of the Somme to-day. A fortified house near Comblès was surprised and 100 Germans defending it surrendered.

Several trench elements farther east were captured with 40 prisoners.

## BRITISH AIRCRAFT ATTACKS ON WESTERN AND GHISTELLES.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

It is officially announced that aeroplanes attacked an aerodrome at Westerm. The results appeared to be highly satisfactory.

Reports show that previous raids at Westerm caused many casualties and considerable damage.

Naval aeroplanes to-day heavily bombed the aerodromes at Ghistelles and Handzems and returned safely.

## BRITISH ACTIVITY IN THE BALKAN ZONE.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

A British official report from Salonika reports successful raids on the Struma and Duran fronts.

Naval aircraft bombed enemy transport at Drama apparently with good results.

## CONSCRIPTION IN AUSTRALIA.

## REFERENDUM BILL PASSED.

## ANTI-CONSCRIPTION PARTY FORMED.

MELBOURNE, Sept. 23.

The Senate has passed the Referendum Bill by 17 votes to 9.

## LATER.

An anti-conscription campaign was inaugurated in the Town Hall. The chief argument was that the men would possibly be needed for home defence.

The executive of the Australian Workers' Union, the most powerful union in the Commonwealth, has suspended Mr. Spence, the President, for supporting conscription.

## LATER.

The Senate on the first reading of the Referendum Bill inserted an amendment allowing naturalised enemy subjects, whose sons were serving with the Australian forces, to vote on the Bill.

## THE BATTLE OF DOBRUDJA.

## ENEMY STOPS HIS RETREAT.

BUCAREST, Sept. 23.

A communiqué says:—There have been minor engagements in Transylvania.

The enemy at Dobrudja has ceased to retreat and has fortified himself.

The Rumanians put to flight a number of units on the enemy's right wing.

## AWARDS FOR BRAVERY.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The Gazette publishes the following awards:—

The Distinguished Service Order has been awarded to Capt. James Walker Jones, of the Indian Medical Corps, who wrenched a bomb from a demented soldier, thus saving others from injury.

To Second Lieutenant Henry Malkin Hance, of the Indian Army Reserve, for conspicuous gallantry during mining operations.

The Military Cross to Second Lieutenant Cuthbert William Short, of the Indian Army Reserve, who machine-gunned the enemy machine-guns from an aeroplane, thus enabling our cavalry to advance.

## CANADIAN CASUALTIES.

OTTAWA, Sept. 22.

It is officially stated that the Canadian casualties up to 31st August were:

Killed and died ..... 9,844

Wounded ..... 27,212

Missing ..... 2,005

## GERMANS SEIZE DUTCH STEAMER.

## THIRTY FOUR PASSENGERS REMOVED.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 23.

The Germans seized the Dutch steamer *Prins Hendrik* and have taken her to Zebrugge.

Thirty-four passengers were taken off the *Prins Hendrik*, which was thereupon allowed to proceed.

## LATER.

The King's authority is almost gone. Even an entrenchment has been thrown up to protect the palace at Tatoi. Houses in Athens in which are stored arms only are guarded.

The King dare not challenge the least act of M. Venizelos. If the latter chooses to leave Athens and lead a separate Government elsewhere no one would oppose him.

The crisis of the whole trouble is that the King, at the beginning of the war, promised the Kaiser he would not intervene and then mistakenly clung to his word.

## GREEK REVOLUTIONARY ARMY.

## BATTALION LEAVES FOR THE FRONT.

SALONIKA, Sept. 23.

A battalion of the Greek Revolutionary Army, paraded preparatory to proceeding to the front. General Zimbrakakis, addressing them, exhorted them to expel the invaders, and called for cheers for the Allies.

## LATER.

The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Athens reports that on September 22nd the Greek fleet was ordered to be surrounded, the cruiser *Atropos*, which was suspected to be preparing to proceed to Salonika for the purpose of joining the Revolutionaries.

## FRENCH COMMAND AT SALONIKA.

PARIS, Sept. 23.

M. Briand, the Premier, in replying to Press criticism of the Greek Government, said that the Greek Government was not to be criticised for its conduct of the Revolution.

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## WHAT NURSES CARRY TO WAR.

"I well remember the first party of nurses we took out," said the chief stewardess of one of the steamers which acted as transports between England and the Cape during the South African war of fourteen years ago. "The ship seemed just a great hospital, only there were no patients. Of course it was a new experience to us at the time and we were interested in all that went on, but the fact which struck me most and has never gone out of my mind since was that every one of the nurses, with scarcely an exception, had brought a supply of Dr. Williams' pink pills on board for her own personal use whilst in Africa."

It is because they know that woman's greatest need when afflicted with the aches and ills peculiar to her sex is fully met by Dr. Williams' pink pills, the World's most famous blood and nerve tonic, that hospital nurses use and recommend these pills wherever occasion arises. Women's ailments—their distressing backaches, headaches, Anæmia, attacks of "Nerves," and those periodical derangements of health, which cause so much depression and pain—can only be successfully overcome through the blood, and it is because Dr. Williams' pink pills rapidly make new, rich red blood, at the same time building up the nervous system, that their reputation and popularity among women of all classes in all parts of the world is so great.

Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people are obtainable from medicine vendors everywhere, and the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 98, Szechuen Road, Shanghai, 1, bottle \$1.50, 6 bottles \$8.00, post free.

## REVOLUTION IN GREECE.

## KING'S AUTHORITY ALMOST GONE.

LONDON, Sept. 22.

In reference to the situation at Athens, it appears that the Note of the Allies in June demanded that a Business Cabinet should replace the pro-German Gounaris administration. When M. Kalogeropoulos and his associates succeeded M. Zaimis, they had the hardihood to announce that they were a political Cabinet. They subsequently withdrew this announcement, but the Entente Ministers ignored both the assertion and the retraction, and referred the question of the recognition of the Cabinet to their respective Governments.

Meanwhile, the Cabinet, disquieted, has been issuing all sorts of statements meant to reassure the Entente.

There has been growing anger in the British and Russian press recently regarding the equivocal attitude of Greece, particularly in view of the well-known Pro-Germanism of the Cabinet.

The Times to-day denounces "the Cabinet of puppets and intriguers who accomplish nothing in the shadow of the throne," and says this dangerous state of things must be ended.

The Daily Mail's correspondent at Athens says:—

The removal of the Greek censorship permits of the truth being told. The Kingdom of Greece is only a name, Salomon, Theodor, Lemnos, Chios, Samos, and Mytilene are no longer governed from Athens, and Crete and Cyclades are about to follow suit.

A proclamation of independence has been issued at Epirus, and the people of the Larissa district are only biding their time. Phocis and Aetolia are wavering. Only Athens and Attica remain, and Athens is placarded with such appeals as "Draw the Sword, King, or Abdicate."

In a declaration made by the ex-Courier, M. Protonotaris, in the *Aty* newspaper, he says, that he and other anti-Liberal are hastening to join the revolution because of the Kavalla treason. Such statements are allowed to go unopposed.

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## INTIMATIONS

## AN OLD PROVERB

"Wine and an old friend are without price everywhere."

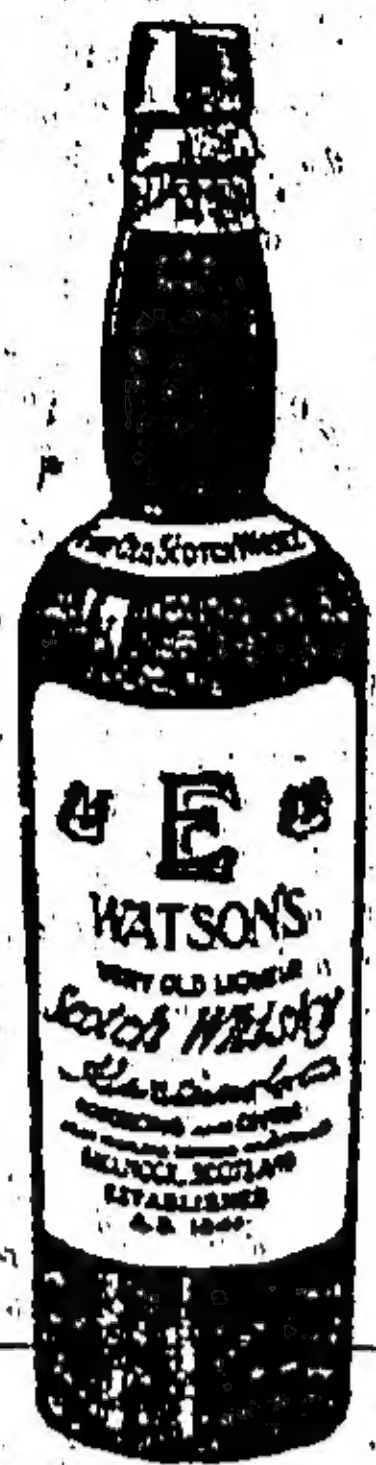
## HUNT'S PORTS AND SHERRIES

ARE NOT THE CHEAPEST BUT THEY ARE THE BEST.

Vino de Porto, Manzanilla, Maduro, etc.

Old White, Very Old Tawny, Invalid, Newfoundland, etc.





# WATSON'S THE PREMIER SCOTCH

MILD, MELLOW, MATURED.

A. S. WATSON &amp; Co., Ltd.

WINE &amp; SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

TELEPHONE No. 16.

## To-day's Advertisements

## FOR SALE.

A NEW broad carriage TYPING MACHINE for sale.  
Price \$70.00 or less.  
Please apply to T.C.  
"CHINA MAIL".  
Hongkong, Sept. 25, 1916.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction (for account of the consignor),

## SATURDAY.

the 30th September, 1916,  
at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,  
Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice  
House Street—  
A MISCELLANEOUS STOCK  
Comprising—  
Gent's Shirts, Woollen Singlets, Pants,  
Dressing Gowns, Bath Robes, a number  
of Pair of Boots and Shoes, Toilet Soaps,  
Bath and Face Towels, Hosiery, &c., &c.  
Blankets, Table Cloths, Counterpanes,  
a quantity of White Alpaca, a few Lots  
of Grass Cloths, Rain Coats, &c., Holdalls  
and Suit Cases, &c., &c.

A number of Suit Lengths, Blue Serge,  
Tweed, Vicuna, Flannel, &c., &c.  
Terms—Cash.  
HUGHES & HUGHES,  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Sept. 25, 1916.

## THE DIARY.

## MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Noon.—Douglas Steamship Co's.  
Meeting.  
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture etc.  
etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

## General Memoranda.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 27.—  
Settlement Day: Hongkong Stock  
Exchange.  
11 a.m.—Auction of Household Furni-  
ture, etc. at No. 2, Kimberley Villas,  
Kowloon.  
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Sundry Ship  
Chandler's Stores at Messrs. Hughes  
and Hough's.  
THURSDAY, Sept. 28.—  
Jewish Year 5677 begins.  
5.30 p.m.—Kowloon Cricket Club's  
Annual General Meeting.  
4.30 p.m.—V.R.C. Aquatic Sports  
(1st day).  
FRIDAY, Sept. 29.—  
Michaelmas Day.  
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household  
Furniture at Messrs. Hughes and  
Hough's.  
4.30 p.m.—V.R.C. Aquatic Sports  
(2nd day).  
SATURDAY, Sept. 30.—  
11.30 a.m.—H.K. Steel Foundry Co's.  
Meeting.  
4 p.m.—V.R.C. Aquatic Sports  
(3rd day).  
SUNDAY, Oct. 1.—  
9 a.m.—Excursion to Macao by sea.  
"Taishan".  
MONDAY, Oct. 2.—  
5 p.m.—Auction of Crown Land at  
Public Works Department.  
THURSDAY, Oct. 5.—  
9.15 a.m.—Piano Recital at Peak Club  
in aid of P.O.W. Fund.  
FRIDAY, Oct. 6.—  
2.30 p.m.—Opening of St. Paul's  
Institute's new School at Causeway  
Bay.  
SATURDAY, Oct. 7.—  
Noon.—H.K. Jockey Club's 84th  
Yearly Meeting.  
MONDAY, Oct. 9.—  
Public Holiday.

## THE CHINA MAIL.

## MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1916.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Last night the Manila Observatory reported a typhoon to be developing more than 100 miles West of Northern Luzon.

Yesterday being the birthday of Confucius, there was a profuse display of flags in the principal Chinese streets of the Colony.

Passengers from Shanghai by the "Sinking" which arrived this morning included Mr. and Mrs. Denison and Dr. C. M. Heanley.

Shareholders in the Douglas Steamship Company Ltd. are reminded of the meeting to-morrow. Particulars of time and place will be found in our advertisement column.

A foreign railway engineer named Mr. A. E. Thoy was murdered in his house at Bangkok recently by two Siamese who escaped arrest. The motive for the crime is unknown.

Two cases of plague, three of small pox, one of enteric fever and one of purpural fever were reported in the Colony last week. The deaths were two from small pox, one from plague, and one enteric.

Mr. A. Denison advises us that the crops from the estate of the Sengal Rubber and Coconut Plantations Company, Limited, for the month of August 1916, were: Rubber, 13,000 lbs.; Coconuts, 6,580 lbs.

Air-guns and rifles, sporting guns and rifles, and oranges are made prohibited imports into the United Kingdom, an exception being made in the case of oranges in favour of those produced in any of the King's Dominions, Colonies, Possessions or Protectorates.

## SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

The sincere sympathy of many friends will be extended to Mr. Stewart Lock, of the Eastern Extension Telegraph Co. in the loss of his wife who died on Sunday after a very brief illness. The funeral takes place this evening at Happy Valley.

Mr. A. C. Holborow, solicitor of Shanghai, and formerly in Hongkong, went home some months ago to join the Army. A letter recently received in Shanghai states that he is in London for he has passed out of a cadet school successfully, and his commission in an infantry regiment is assured.

The death is reported of Captain Pearce of Swatow while on a holiday trip up North. Deceased, who came to China about 25 years ago, after a short coastal service joined the pilot association operating in Swatow waters. Captain Pearce with his wife and family was on a long holiday in North China and Japan. The former part of the programme was carried out and the family left for Japan on Friday night, the 15th inst., but before the *Ching Hai* reached Nagasaki Captain Pearce died on board of heart disease.

We regret to have to record the death which took place at the Government Civil Hospital at noon to-day of Mr. Joseph Leonard, the Chief Bailiff of the Supreme Court of Hongkong. Deceased had been ailing for some months past and went into the Hospital about three weeks ago suffering from blood pressure in a heart valve which was the cause of death. Deceased has been in Hongkong 28 years. He first joined the Police Force in 1890 and six years later became the Assistant Bailiff at the Supreme Court. He obtained promotion steadily and became First Bailiff in January 1912. He leaves a widow and several children for whom much sympathy will be felt in their bereavement.

## PIANO RECITAL.

Mr. Denman Fuller is giving a Piano Recital on Thursday October 5th at the Peak Club at 8.15 p.m. in aid of the British Prisoners of War Fund for which tickets are 25 each obtainable through members of the Peak Club. The programme is a popular one and includes many old favourites such as: Beethoven's "Moonlight Sonata," Mendelssohn's "Rondo Capriccioso," Stephen Steller's brilliant "Tarantella," the variations by Liszt on a theme by Paganini known as "La Campanella," and what is probably the most played of all Chopin's lesser works, the beautiful nocturne in E flat. The modern school of piano music will be represented by well-known pieces by Greg. Bachmannoff, Norman O'Neill, Schmitt and by a brilliant Octave Study written for the Recitalist by the local musician Mr. Norman Peterkin. The vocalist will be Mr. W. H. Bell who will sing: "Ponteil's" beautiful song "Obstinata," the "Waltz Song" from "La Boheme" (Puccini) and the famous Air from Verdi's opera "Carmen" and "Dell'aria" from Verdi's opera "La Traviata." The programme, which will have been given at the Peak Club, is one of the most popular of the kind. The entire proceeds will be devoted to the redemption of British Prisoners of War. Tickets are 25 each obtainable through members of the Peak Club. The programme, which will have been given at the Peak Club, is one of the most popular of the kind. The entire proceeds will be devoted to the redemption of British Prisoners of War. Tickets are 25 each obtainable through members of the Peak Club.

## REMEMBER THE NAME.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a powerful and reliable remedy for all kinds of coughs, colds, and bronchitis. It is a household name and is used by millions of people all over the world. It is a sure cure for all kinds of coughs, colds, and bronchitis. It is a household name and is used by millions of people all over the world. It is a sure cure for all kinds of coughs, colds, and bronchitis. It is a household name and is used by millions of people all over the world.

## CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(Wah Tsai Yat Po's Service.)

## THE NEW CHINA LOAN.

PEKING, Sept. 24.—The representatives of the Group Banks are in receipt of replies from their respective head offices sanctioning the big loan with the Salt Revenue as security.

## PRESIDENT AND THE FOREIGN MINISTERS.

PEKING, Sept. 24.—The President is devoting Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday to entertaining the Foreign Ministers.

## MR. TANG SHAO YI.

PEKING, Sept. 24.—The President has again telegraphed to Tang Shao Yi to proceed to Peking.

## CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

## THE CAINE ROAD JEWELLERY TRIAL.

## WOMAN THIEF SENTENCED.

The woman who pleaded guilty last week at the Criminal Sessions to stealing \$4,900 worth of jewellery from a house in Caine Road came up for sentence by the Chief Justice, Sir Wm. Rees Davies, K.C. The woman, it will be remembered, stood in the dock with a man accused of receiving the stolen jewellery and he pleaded not guilty. The jury, however, on the evidence returned a verdict of guilty and he was sentenced to three years' hard labour. His Lordship commenting on the case said he had no doubt that the male prisoner had influenced the woman to take upon herself the whole of the blame that he might go free. Such a man, his Lordship said, was a pest to which the Colony would be well rid of.

This morning his Lordship said the postponement of the sentence on the woman was done with a view to sending her to the P.O. Leung Kuk (Woman's Home) where she could be looked after and saved from going to the bad. Unfortunately she was too old for the institution and he was sorry for that because he regarded her male accomplice as the chief wrong-doer. He was, therefore, bound to pass a short sentence of imprisonment. Although the theft of jewellery was considerable it was by her actions that the police succeeded in restoring the whole of it to the rightful owner. She had been in prison for six weeks and she would be sentenced to four months.

## FISH DEALER MURDERED.

## FORMER PARTNER ACCUSED OF THE CRIME.

Arraigned on an indictment of wilful murder Lin Chai, a fish dealer of Hung Hom, pleaded "not guilty" to the Chief Justice, Sir Wm. Rees Davies, K.C., in the first court at the Supreme Court this morning.

## The Attorney-General, the Hon. Mr. J. H. Kemp, prosecuted and Mr. G. C. Alabaster defended.

According to the Crown Prosecutor the deceased and accused were in partnership in a salt fish business at Hung Hom and deceased dissolved the partnership because he was not satisfied with the behaviour of accused in money and other matters. It was thought that jealousy sprang up in the mind of the accused owing to the business of the deceased growing and so acute did that jealousy feeling become that it was alleged that accused murdered the deceased while he was asleep on July 31st. The latter was sleeping with his brother in a small room and about 1 o'clock the brother heard some one cry out. He saw a man disappearing through a small doorway in the light of a small lamp. He declared prisoner was the man. Some other people in the house were awakened by grunts and they saw prisoner walking down some steps at the end of a narrow lane. At that moment the brother gave the alarm, that deceased had been stabbed.

It was announced that to-morrow morning the Chief Justice and jury will visit the house to become more acquainted with the circumstances.

## TREATMENT FOR DYSENTERY.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a powerful and reliable remedy for all kinds of coughs, colds, and bronchitis. It is a household name and is used by millions of people all over the world. It is a sure cure for all kinds of coughs, colds, and bronchitis. It is a household name and is used by millions of people all over the world. It is a sure cure for all kinds of coughs, colds, and bronchitis. It is a household name and is used by millions of people all over the world.

## CASTRO ON TRIAL.

## INDICTMENTS OF BRIBERY AT CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

R. M. H. Castro, an ex Police Reservist, and an interpreter at the Magistracy, stood his trial at the Criminal Sessions to-day on a charge of bribery. The indictment against him was that on July 5th he, then being a public servant, did unlawfully accept from Wong Lau a bribe of \$100 with a view to influencing his conduct as such public servant. There was a second count of receiving a further bribe of \$100 on July 16th.

The Crown Solicitor (Mr. G. H. Wakeman) prosecuted for the Crown and Mr. F. C. Jenkin, instructed by Mr. Leo D'Almada, defended.

Prisoner pleaded not guilty. The Crown Solicitor, before the jury was sworn suggested that it might be unpleasant for Police Reservists to sit on the jury.

Mr. Jenkin said Police Reservists often filled the jury box these days (laughter). He did not see what difference there would be in excusing the Police Reservists or the Volunteer Reservists. Both branches of the auxiliary forces were represented at the bar.

Mr. Justice Gompertz agreed with the Crown Solicitor and excused Police Reservists from serving.

The jurors were: Messrs D. Goodall (foreman) Euchi Aoki, J. Carr, C. G. Macken, A. Davidson, H. W. Page, J. M. G. Perera.

Only one Police Reservist was called. The Crown Solicitor outlined the case for the prosecution mentioning how on June 16th or 17th Wong Yuen, a seaman who kept a boarding house at 25 Cochrane Street, had a conversation with prisoner regarding a Shanghai man who had been convicted for smuggling opium. Prisoner was alleged to have stated that the Shanghai man could be liberated for \$200. Complainant met prisoner at the Magistracy with another man who had come down specially from Shanghai to pay the money. At the suggestion of prisoner some clothes were taken to the latter's house, at 8, Mosque Junction, for the man who was supposed to be liberated from gaol. Prisoner also gave to the complainant a promissory note for \$200 without interest and prisoner was supposed to have said that he gave him the note as a matter of form.

Detective-Sergeant Clark gave evidence of arrest on a warrant of false pretences and in cross-examination witness said he found no clothes such as were alleged to have been taken to the house by complainant at 8 Mosque Junction.

Mr. Jenkin this afternoon said he would not like to be accused of practicing a game of bluff and so he informed the Crown Solicitor of a point he would take at the close that there could be no conviction for bribery on this evidence of the complainant.

His Lordship said that might be so. Mr. Jenkin added that that would be fighting the case on a technicality and he would prefer to fight it on its merits.

Complainant denied in cross examination that the money was given to Castro as a loan. The first \$100 was for the liberation of a man detained in Victoria Gaol and the second \$100 was for the expenses of Castro and another.

After further evidence the case was adjourned.

## KILLED IN ACTION.

## LIEUTENANT ALLAN SHEWAN.

We regret to learn that Lieut. Allan Shewan, nephew of Mr. Robert Shewan, was killed in action on the Somme front on the 16th inst. Mr. Shewan prior to the war was following a commercial career in the Hongkong office of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co. and he left for home with the first contingent of Volunteers. After undergoing the necessary course of training he obtained a commission in the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders and in due course went to the front. He was 25 years of age and the news of his death will be received with great regret by the friends he left behind in Hongkong.

## CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

THIS remedy has no superior as a cure for colds, croup, and whooping cough. It has been a favorite with mothers for young children for almost forty years. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy can be depended upon and is pleasant to take.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a powerful and reliable remedy for all kinds of coughs, colds, and bronchitis. It is a household name and is used by millions of people all over the world. It is a sure cure for all kinds of coughs, colds, and bronchitis. It is a household name and is used by millions of people all over the world. It is a sure cure for all kinds of coughs, colds, and bronchitis. It is a household name and is used by millions of people all over the world.

## TYPHOON WARNING.

A telegram from the Manila Observatory this morning reported the Typhoon in about 11° Long. E. and 13° Lat. N., moving W.N.W.

The black typhoon signals were hoisted up at the various signal stations during this morning. The disturbance was shown to be to the south-east of the Colony, north-west of Luzon, and travelling west. Should it not curve northward the typhoon should break up near Hainan Island. The barometer dropped slightly this afternoon and there was a noticeable increase in depression.

## GREAT BRITAIN AND THE MOSELM REVOLT.

We have received for publication the following telegram received by the Government from the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

"For many years Arab chafing under Turkish misrule have looked forward to the day of regaining their former freedom, and revolts against Turkish domination in Arabia have been of frequent occurrence. The misdeeds of the present Government in Constantinople and its complete subservience to German influences have forced Turkey into a disastrous war and have brought matters to a climax. The Sherif of Mecca, and other ruling Chiefs in Arabia, have now decided to throw off the Turkish yoke and assert their independence. Great Britain has always viewed Arab aspirations sympathetically but hitherto her traditional friendship with Turkey compelled her to stand aloof. Now Turkey, by joining the Central Powers, has left Great Britain free to give practical evidence of sympathy to those Arabs who have ranged themselves with the Allies against a common enemy. It remains the fixed policy of Great Britain to abstain from interference in religious matters and spare no effort to secure the holy places of Islam from all external aggression. It is an unalterable point of British policy that these holy places should remain under independent Moslem rule and authority. The present state of war has caused many difficulties and dangers to intending pilgrims, but the Sherif's action gives hope that arrangements may be made whereby pilgrims may in future visit the holy shrines in peace and security."—BONAR LAW.

## SPORTING.

## BOXING.

## RICHARDS AND ISAACS TO MEET IN 15 ROUNDS.

Several important boxing contests have been arranged to take place on October 14th. Seaman Higgs who failed to take the heavyweight title from Corb. Booth is going into the ring against Rigby, of the K.S.L.L., in a ten rounds contest.

Isaacs, anxious to meet Richards after the decision of a week ago, has asked for 15 rounds against the soldier, and has been accepted. The match should be a well fought one as both boxers are very clean.

Young Maher will go eight rounds against Becker, of the R.E. Golden, is matched with Mesdames of H.M.S. "Venus," and Beatty will meet Allan of H.M.S. "Venus," eight rounds each contest.

## LAWN BOWLS.

## VETERANS' BEAT NOVICES AT CIVIL SERVICE CLUB.

The Civil Service League and Reserve teams played an interesting bowls match on the Club green on Saturday, and the veterans scored a notable victory. The winners fielded a strong combination but found the services playing carefully and continually holding their own. Dawson, who was actually leading by 100 at the seventh head, lost to Bower by one point. This was a remarkable achievement for Bower.

## LEAGUE RESERVE.

| LEAGUE               | RESERVE         |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| W. H. Woolley        | F. Bacon        |
| E. Maco              | G. Sans         |
| W. H. H.             | L. Langdon      |
| E. W. Dawson         | A. Bower (skip) |
| J. Carr              | E. W. Hambley   |
| J. Rynoch            | W. R. Cousins   |
| R. Dunbar            | C. Orbery       |
| H. J. Stanley (skip) | M. Hall (skip)  |
| R. J. Fricker        | A. Ballin       |
| J. Blake             | R. E. Wood      |
| W. Higby (skip)      | W. Smith        |

## REHEARSAL.

THE REHEARSAL. The rehearsal of the play "The Merchant of Venice" took place at the Theatre Royal, Hongkong, on Saturday evening. The play was performed with great success and the audience was much pleased with the performance.

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## VISITING CARDS.

## PRINTED AT

China Mail Office.



## THE WAR.

## LATEST TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

## THE ZEPPELIN RAID.

## LATEST DETAILS.

London, Sept. 24. An official announcement states that the casualties mentioned in a previous telegram were in the London district.

Detailed reports of casualties and damage have not yet been received. The two raiders brought down in Essex were both large and of a new pattern.

Fourteen or fifteen airships participated in the attack.

The south-eastern, eastern and east-midland counties and Lincolnshire were the principal localities visited.

The attack on London was carried out by two airships from the south-east, between one and two o'clock in the morning, and one from the east between twelve and one o'clock.

Aeroplane were sent up. Bombs were dropped in the south-east and south-eastern districts.

SMALL DAMAGE IN THE PROVINCES.

A further official announcement says the damage in the provinces is slight, except in one east midland town where two persons were killed and 11 injured.

Some damage in the metropolitan area was of a non-military character. It is estimated now that twelve airships participated in the raid. A considerable number of small dwelling-houses and shops were demolished or damaged in the metropolitan area and there were a number of fires. Two factories were injured and empty railway trucks destroyed. Permanent way was slightly damaged in two places.

## THE WESTERN FRONT.

## THE BRITISH FRONT.

London, Sept. 24. Sir Douglas Haig reports that the enemy's trenches have been entered east of Neuville St. Vaast and prisoners taken.

London, Sept. 24. Sir Douglas Haig reports artillery activity on both sides south of Amiens.

## AERIAL BATTLES.

## REMARKABLE FRENCH SUCCESSES.

A communiqué states: A German attack at Bois l'Abbe Farm and southward thereof was dispersed. Numerous enemy dead were left on the field.

We easily repulsed German attacks at Pepper Hill and south-east of Thiamont.

There were aerial battles on most of the front.

A score of enemy machines were brought down.

Our artillery was active north of the Somme. The enemy replied feebly.

There were 29 aerial fights on the Somme region. Four enemy aeroplanes were brought down, two of them being on fire. Three badly hit fell disabled, four were compelled to descend in their own lines, and six were brought down between Chaumes and Aves, one on fire. A Fokker was felled after north of Chalons and another seemed to be badly hit.

An enemy aeroplane, riddled by bullets, came down at Pepper Hill. A Fokker dove nose on into its own lines east of St. Mihiel.

A French pilot chased a German twelve miles over the enemy lines in Lorraine, killed a passenger and compelled the machine to descend.

Another enemy machine came down in the Forest of Gamary. Two others dived abnormally in their own lines in the Vooges after fights with our pilots.

## A SINGAPORE WAR LOAN.

Ceylon, Sept. 24. A Government War Loan, in the form of 100,000 local bonds will be issued shortly in this island.

## THE BALKAN ZONE.

## BRITISH ATTACKS ON BULGARIANS.

London, Sept. 24. A French official report from Salonika states that on the left bank of the Struma the British attacked strong Bulgarian detachments north of Kopriva and toward Lake Tabinos.

Violent Bulgarian attacks on our left wing were repulsed with heavy losses.

The Serbians progressed north-west of Kajakojan.

## BRITISH CROSS THE STRUMA.

## RIVER CROSSED IN THREE PLACES.

London, Sept. 24. A British official report from Salonika states:

We crossed the river Struma at three places and Jeviman, which is on fire, was occupied. The enemy has been driven before us.

We met with strong opposition when attacking Karadzovbala. A counter-attack from Neveljen was entirely dispersed.

Naval and field artillery successfully bombarded enemy trenches east of Nechori.

Our patrols were very active on the Doiran front, in unfavourable mist conditions.

## THE FIGHTING IN DOBRUDJA.

## SERBS CAPTURE EIGHT GUNS.

London, Sept. 24. An official telegram from Salonika states that the Serbs co-operating in Dobrudja inflicted heavy losses on the Bulgars. Eight guns were captured.

## PORTUGUESE PROGRESS IN EAST AFRICA.

London, Sept. 24. An official announcement states that the Portuguese column which crossed the River at Nhiga has occupied Tabidia and captured a naval gun.

The main column has captured Tokoto and seized war material abandoned by the enemy, as well as the barracks at Migomba and the factory lower down the Rovuma.

## ANOTHER DUTCH LINER SEIZED.

The Hague, Sept. 24. The Germans have seized a Rotterdam liner and taken her to Zebrugga.

## GERMANS ECONOMISING IN MUNITIONS.

London, Sept. 24. Reuter's Correspondent at Headquarters reports in his latest message to General von Falkenhayn's statement regarding the economising of munitions and quotes a passage for bidding unnecessary firing which says: "Reprisals must be reduced to the lowest limits and efforts must be made even where there is necessity for bombardment to attain the object with only the absolutely tactical and necessary expenditure."

He urges in the case of barrage that the guns be fired in series allowing each series to cool. It seems that Krupp's for quality and endurance cannot compete with British ordnance.

The Correspondent dwells on the thunder of our guns which do not economise. General von Falkenhayn urges that good observations be kept without which fire will be a waste of ammunition. Seeing that the Germans have been driven off from practically the whole of the front ground between Thiepval and Flers and that their aviators seldom venture strongly over the front, it is difficult to understand how this can be done.

## STUBBORN FIGHTING ON RUSSIAN FRONT.

London, Sept. 24. A Russian communiqué says that there has been stubborn fighting in places from the Pripiet to the Rumanian frontier.

The enemy is strongly resisting the Russian advance on the Upper Sereth.

The Russians repelled all counter-attacks and took 1,500 prisoners.

## THE SITUATION IN GREECE.

GREECE DEMANDS BULGARIAN EVACUATION OF MACEDONIA.

Athens, Sept. 24. Important issues are said to depend on the German reply to the Greek Note.

According to the newspapers it demands that the Bulgars shall evacuate Macedonia, and declares that Greek public opinion, the irritation of which is manifested in frequent revolutionary movements, will find it difficult to countenance further sojourn of their hereditary enemy on Greek soil, and a continuance of outrages.

INSURRECTIONARY DISTURBANCES IN THE DUTCH EAST INDIES.

Amsterdam, Sept. 24. A message to the *Telegraf* from Weltevreden states that insurgents twice attacked Moerabito but were repulsed. The Europeans are safe in the fort.

Another message says there was a panic at Djambi on the 22nd owing to a rumour that rebels were in the neighbourhood. The Europeans took refuge in river-boats under the protection of the fort. The Chinese shut up their shops. Dutch troops immediately entered the town and occupied the public buildings and the principal streets. The night was quiet. There was no attack.

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## ZEPPELIN RAID ON ENGLAND.

Two Zeppelins destroyed.

It is officially announced that hostile airships attacked Lincolnshire, the Eastern counties and the outskirts of London. The latter attack was made from the north-east and south-east, about midnight. It was beaten off by anti-aircraft defences. One airship was brought down in flames in southern Essex.

A later official announcement stated that a second Zeppelin was brought down and twenty-two of the crew were taken prisoners.

## MANY CASUALTIES.

The casualties so far ascertained are 28 killed and 99 injured.

## UNOFFICIAL ACCOUNTS.

The Zeppelin raiders, apparently, did not get so near London as they did on the 3rd inst., since the gun-fire heralding their approach at midnight was fainter, but observers on roofs and bridges were treated to the magnificent spectacle of shrapnel bursting around a Zeppelin somewhere on the remote outskirts.

The spectacle was short-lived, as the Zeppelin, finding the reception too hot, made off. The cannonade quickly died out, but distant flashes in the sky indicated that the conflict was not yet finished, and a few minutes later observers saw a vivid flame-lighting up the heavens as on the 3rd inst, but the onlookers did not doubt but what it was a flaming Zeppelin, and they cheered enthusiastically.

Messages from correspondents at various points between London and the coast of Essex describe the delight of the spectators at the destruction of an airship. At one in the morning gun-fire brought people from their houses to vantage points, from whence they watched shrapnel making towards the east and being held by concentrated searchlight with shells bursting in close proximity. The gun-fire ceased, and a profound silence ensued. Then a red spark was visible and soon flames were seen creeping to the top of the airship till it became a mass of flame. Before the final crash the airship stood bolt upright and then dashed to the ground head foremost. The cheers of the crowds spread towards London where an incandescent gas-like shape had been remotely visible.

The official report of the air raid gives the following details of the metropolitan casualties:—

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## THE WESTERN FRONT.

## SUCCESSFUL BRITISH BOMBARDMENTS.

London, Sept. 24. General Sir Douglas Haig, in a communiqué states:—South of the Amiens we have continued to improve our position, pushing detachments forward in places into the enemy's advanced trenches.

During the bombardments of one section of the enemy front yesterday ten hostile gun-pits were seen to be destroyed, and fourteen others were seriously damaged. Five ammunition pits were also blown up. Our artillery to-day caused a big fire in a village much used by the enemy for supply and transport.

AERIAL SUCCESSES.

There was the greatest aerial activity yesterday. Fifty of our machines made a most successful raid upon an important railway junction, doing much damage, destroying two ammunition trains and causing many violent explosions.

Equally successful raids were made upon enemy railway works, sidings, aerodromes and other points of military importance.

There were also many fights in the air. In the course of these three hostile machines were destroyed and five others were driven down in a damaged condition. Many others were seen to break off from the fight and to descend steeply. Five of our machines are missing.

FIERCE ARTILLERY DUELS IN FRENCH SECTORS.

Paris, Sept. 24. A communiqué states:—There have been fierce artillery duels in the Bouchavesnes and Belleu sectors, in the Somme region, but no infantry action. The enemy in the Vooges attempted an attack south of Sainte Marie Pass, but were driven back to their trenches after a lively bombing fight.

North of the Somme it has been relatively quiet. Our outposts advanced to the edge of Combles and discovered numerous enemy corpses. South of the Somme there has been lively artillery work.

FRENCH AIR-RAIDS INTO GERMANY.

Paris, Sept. 23. A communiqué states:—Yesterday Warrant Officers Tarascen, Devoir and Darne brought down their sixth, tenth and eleventh machines respectively, and Lieutenant Duellin his seventh.

Describing the air-raids into Germany, a communiqué states that Warrant Officer Baron, accompanied by a Bombardier, left last evening and dropped three bombs on military establishments at Ludwigschafen. Continuing they dropped a bomb on an important factory at Mannheim, where there was a fire and several explosions. They returned safely.

FIFTY-SIX AIR FIGHTS.

Paris, Sept. 23. A communiqué states that there were fifty-six aerial fights on the Somme front yesterday. Ten hostile machines were forced down.

The communiqué adds:—We bombed the forest of Eanthulst, stations at Finspaphy and Rosel, railways south-west of Combles, aerodromes at Herilly, a motor depot north-east of Soissons, military establishments at Ludwigschafen, and a factory at Mannheim.

THE RUSSIAN FRONT.

MASSED GERMAN ATTACKS REPULED.

ENEMY USING GAS.

Petrograd, Sept. 23. A communiqué states:—South-west of Lake Narotch, we repulsed massed attacks interspersed with gas attacks.

South-east of Baranovitchi the enemy also liberated gas.

South-west of Giumichan we broke through a fortified position, capturing ammunition and stores. We burned the latter owing to our inability to carry them away.

THE FLIGHT OF GREECE.

VIEWS OF M. VENIZELOS.

The Associated Press correspondent at Athens has interviewed M. Venizelos, who in a non-committal reply to the question as to whether he was going to Salonika as head of the temporary Revolutionary Government, said that he was awaiting the Government proposals with regard to Greece entering the war. If, he said, the King had not heard the voice of the people the latter must devise that was best to do. A long continuation of the present situation was intolerable. Greece had already suffered agonies owing to internal hardships caused by a disastrous war, while a neutral had estimated that the Bulgarian invasion had cost Greece 23,000,000 sterling.

M. Venizelos also depicted Greece's sorry position after the war in the event of her non-participation, whichever of the belligerents was successful; though he was confident of a victory for the Allies.

GREEKS AND BULGARS.

Athens, Sept. 24. It is officially announced that the Bulgarians retreating from Florina compelled a company of Greek infantry to accompany them.

The collection of news which has been published in the Greek press since the retreat of the Bulgarians from Florina is as follows:—

The Bulgarians retreating from Florina compelled a company of Greek infantry to accompany them.

## GERMAN SEIZURE OF A DUTCH SHIP.

## REMOVAL OF PASSENGERS.

Amsterdam, Sept. 24. The *Prins Hendrik* passengers detained by the Germans included French and Russian escapee prisoners of war, men of British units interned at Greeneng who were en route for England on a month's furlough, and also some Anglo-Belgian couriers.

RUSSIAN NAVAL ACTIVITY.

Petrograd, Sept. 24. A communiqué states:—In the Black Sea we sank three steamers and several sailing vessels loaded with coal.

THE "TUBANTIA" OUTRAGE.

HOLLAND'S "HUMILIATING DECISION."

The Hague, Sept. 24. An official announcement states that the Dutch Government have agreed to the reference of the matter of the torpedoing of the *Tubantia* to an International Committee after the war.

PANGERMANS AND THE CHANCELLOR.

Amsterdam, Sept. 24. A great political crisis is slowly developing in Germany. There is no doubt that the pan-Germans are doing their utmost to overthrow the Chancellor.

THE PROPOSED BRITISH TRADE BANK.

London, Sept. 24. Further details have been made known of the report of the Committee of Inquiry as to the best means of providing financial facilities for British firms after the war. It is recommended that the Bank shall be called "The British Trade Bank," that it shall be constituted under Royal Charter and receive Government assistance to co-operate with merchants and manufacturers and possibly accept risks upon joint account, and be a centre for syndicate operations. It will also consider transactions which other banks are not prepared to undertake alone.

The Bank will have an Information Bureau, which will investigate schemes and record the status of foreign firms, and obtain the best intelligence of new business openings. The Bank must also have young, vigorous agents everywhere.

PORTUGUESE SUCCESSES IN AFRICA.

Capetown, Sept. 24. It is officially announced that the Portuguese continue to advance northwards in German East Africa, and they have occupied several enemy positions.

COTTON WEAVERS ASK FOR MORE WAGES.

London, Sept. 24. The Lancashire cotton weavers are asking for a ten per cent. advance in wages. Probably a smaller increase will be granted.

EARL'S HEIR KILLED IN ACTION.

London, Sept. 24. Captain the Hon. Richard Stanhope has been killed in action.

(The deceased was son and heir of the Earl of Stanhope.)

GREEK REVOLUTIONARY TREASURY.

Salonika, Sept. 24. The Revolutionary Committee are issuing bonds and debentures exchangeable against shares in State loans issued prior to July 1st. The subscriptions are receivable in France. The offices of the Treasury are situated at the French headquarters.

REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS LEAVE FOR THE FRONT.

Salonika, Sept. 24. A battalion of the Greek revolutionary army has left for the front.

TRAGIC DEATH OF A WELL-KNOWN RUBBER PLANTER.

London, Sept. 24. Mr. Charles Lampard has been found dead in his mansion in Sussex with a gunshot wound in the head. He had been most distressed since the death of his son at the front.

The deceased was a well-known rubber planter.

(Continued on Page 5.)

While the head of the image on the "tail" side of a penny is being used to ward the right wing is in the case with the face of the sovereign on the "head" side. How many have noticed that the head of George V. faces the left, but the head of Edward VII. faces the right?

The position is somewhat strange, and in a book of coins there are three pictures showing which way the profile of the King of Denmark is cut, and you may find the answer. And another thing, the head of the Queen of Denmark is cut the other way.

While the head of the image on the "tail" side of a penny is being used to ward the right wing is in the case with the face of the sovereign on the "head" side. How many have noticed that the head of George V. faces the left, but the head of Edward VII. faces the right?

An Unhygienic Mouth is a standing menace to health.

**PYORRHOCIDE POWDER**

promotes oral hygiene by correcting many conditions of an incipient pyorrhoeal nature. It is medicated with Desodol thus establishing its value in the treatment of soft, bleeding, gummy gums. PYORRHOCIDE retards the accumulation of salivary calculus, one of the principal causes of

**PYORRHEA (Riggs' Disease)**

Correct and prevent pyorrhoeal conditions by using PYORRHOCIDE regularly every day as a dentifrice. PYORRHOCIDE is a tooth and mouth cleanser of high efficiency and is soothing and healing to the oral tissues.

**QUEEN'S DISPENSARY**

Harpur & Co., Ltd.

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THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE

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OTHERS LOOK THE SAME

**"MALTHOID"**

IS THE SAME

EVERYDAY! EVERYWHERE!

A Mineral-Roofing! Laid by our expert! Guaranteed right!

Free particulars from Agents: **BRADLEY & Co., Ltd.** HONGKONG.

**STOP PRESS NEWS.**

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

**BOMBS DROPPED ON ESSEN.**

Paris, Sept. 24. A communiqué states that two French aeroplanes dropped twelve bombs on Essen and returned safely. The fight was one of 500 miles.

**ZEPPELIN APPEARS AT CALAIS.**

Paris, Sept. 24. A communiqué states that a Zeppelin appeared at Calais but retreated from a furious bombardment without dropping any bombs. Seven of our aeroplanes dropped fifty bombs on factories at Rombach and Thionville.

**BRITISH REPUSE THREE ATTACKS.**

London, Sept. 24. General Sir Douglas Haig reports that three enemy attacks west of Les Boeuys have been repulsed with loss.

There has been active artillery work at many points.

**ACTIVITY OF BRITISH AIRCRAFT.**

London, Sept. 24. General Sir Douglas Haig in a communiqué says:—

Five raids have been made by our airmen on railway sidings, and enemy communications doing great damage.

Five hostile machines were destroyed in the air fighting yesterday, and two others were driven down damaged.

**MORE GERMAN CRUELITIES.**

**STARVING RUSSIANS FED BY FELLOW PRISONERS.**

A Russian soldier, Philipp Denilovich, who has been invalided home after being taken prisoner, and kept a captive in the German town of Kvetlenburg, has made a sworn statement of the painful experiences whilst in the hands of the enemy.

"We suffered especially from hunger," he said, "and had not the French and English supported us, from the large quantities of estates which they received, many of us would have died, especially those who were sick."

In spite of the cruel punishments meted out by the Germans to the French and English prisoners, our fellow-captives of both nations, in particular the French, continued to feed us secretly, and, thanks entirely to their kindness and care, we invalid prisoners survived to return to Russia. I, myself, saw one of our fellow-captives, a French soldier, prisoner, who was tied up to a post because he fed us Russian food, but all the same, even after this our prisoners Allies continued to supply us with food."

**BRIDES WITHOUT BRIDEGROOMS.**

**FIANCEES OF DEAD BADENESSE TO PANK AS WIVES.**

The Minister of Justice in the Grand Duchy of Baden has decreed that single women betrothed to soldiers killed in the war or reported missing may marry themselves "Pran" ("Mrs.") and in certain cases may adopt the family name of the man to whom they were engaged.

**CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.**

But you object to attacks of this kind? Keep absolutely quiet for a few days—eat in bed—be careful of your diet and take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. You will find it a most reliable remedy for all these troubles.







## SHIPPING

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## ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

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## MARSEILLES AND LONDON,

TAKE PASSENGERS AND CARGO TO  
STRAITS, COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.

| Steamers | Leave Hongkong | Connecting Mail      | Due at         | Due         |
|----------|----------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Colombo  | Noon           | Steamer from Colombo | Marcellus 1916 | London 1916 |
| SARDINIA | Oct. 6         | Through Steamer      | Nov. 9         | Nov. 20     |
| NOVARA   | Oct. 20        | * MORSA              | Nov. 19        | Nov. 28     |
| NOVA     | Nov. 3         | Through Steamer      | Dec. 8         | Dec. 17     |
| NYANZA   | Nov. 17        | * MONGOLIA           | Dec. 17        | Dec. 24     |
| MALTA    | Dec. 1         | * MALWA              | Dec. 31        | Jan. 7      |
| NANKIN   | Dec. 15        | Through Steamer      | Jan. 17        | Jan. 28     |
| NOVARA   | Dec. 29        | Through Steamer      | Jan. 31        | Feb. 11     |
| SOMALI   | Jan. 12        | * KASHGAR            | Feb. 12        | Feb. 19     |
| NYANZA   | Jan. 26        | Through Steamer      | Feb. 28        | Mar. 11     |
| NAMUR    | Feb. 9         | * ARABIA             | Mar. 11        | Mar. 18     |

\* Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO.  
Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of booking.  
On the Australian Route Tickets interchangeable with Orient Line.

SAILINGS DIRECT TO  
SHANGHAI MOJI KOBE AND  
YOKOHAMA.

| S. S.  | Leave Hongkong About     |
|--------|--------------------------|
| NOVARA | TUESDAY, 26th September. |
| NOVA   | TUESDAY, 10th October.   |
| NYANZA | SUNDAY, 22nd October.    |
| MALTA  | MONDAY, 6th November.    |
| NANKIN | SUNDAY, 19th November.   |

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge.  
Return Tickets are available by Messageries Maritimes Company.

INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS  
IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS,  
WILL LEAVE DIRECT FOR  
MARSEILLES AND LONDON,  
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AND PORT SAID,  
CARRYING 1ST AND 2ND SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.  
Proposed Sailings:

| Steamers | Leave Hongkong about | Leave Suez about | Due at Marcellus about | Due at London about |
|----------|----------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| NOVARA   | 26th Sept.           | 10th Oct.        | 22nd Oct.              | 28th Oct.           |
| NOVA     | 10th Oct.            | 22nd Oct.        | 28th Oct.              | 4th Nov.            |
| NYANZA   | 22nd Oct.            | 4th Nov.         | 11th Nov.              | 18th Nov.           |
| MALTA    | 6th Nov.             | 11th Nov.        | 18th Nov.              | 25th Nov.           |
| NANKIN   | 19th Nov.            | 25th Nov.        | 2nd Dec.               | 9th Dec.            |

THE INTERMEDIATE SERVICE IS TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.  
All Cables are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge and each Bath furnished with an Electric Heating Lamp.  
Passage Tickets interchangeable with the British India Co.  
Round the World Tickets and Through Tickets to New York in connection with the Principal Mail Lines.  
Return Tickets at fare and a half available to Europe for Two Years; or to Intermediate Ports for Six Months.  
Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.  
For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to  
**H. V. D. PARE,**  
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AND APAC LINE.

Proposed Sailings from Hongkong:

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## THE NANYO YUSEN KAISHA

(SOUTH SEA MAIL S.S. CO.)

Regular Service of Steamers between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore,

Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

Sail on or about

S.S. BANRI MARU, For Batavia, Cheribon, Samarang, Sourabaya,  
Macassar & Balikpapan 10th Oct.

S.S. HOKUTO MARU, For Moji, Kobe &amp; Yokohama 10th Oct.

S.S. BORNEO MARU, For Batavia, Cheribon, Samarang, Sourabaya,  
Macassar & Balikpapan 24th Oct.

S.S. BIOJUN MARU, For Moji, Kobe &amp; Yokohama 26th Oct.

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FOLLOWING THE WAR IN  
RUHLIBEN.BRITISH PRISONERS' SOURCES  
OF NEWS.

[BY ISRAEL CORN]

The writer of the following article spent 19 months in the German detention camp, and was Chairman of the Ruhlben Literary and Debating Society.

There are few people more interested in the progress of the war than the British civilians interned at Ruhlben. For, although rumour has often heralded their wholesale release, they feel that only the end of the war can make it a certainty. They therefore use all the opportunities at their disposal for studying the march of events, discuss with one another daily, and even hourly, the prospects on the various fronts, and compare with one another their varying estimates of the duration of hostilities. Their opportunities for forming a judgment are more plentiful than are commonly supposed.

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The three newspapers that are allowed to be sold in the camp are the "Berliner Tageblatt," "Vossische Zeitung," and "Berliner Zeitung am Mittag," which are given here in the order of their value as channels of intelligence. All these papers publish, as a rule, not only the official reports of the Central Powers, but also those of the Allies, though the latter are generally printed in an obscure corner when they record a conspicuous success. The two former always devote considerable space to political affairs in England, and thus we were able to follow very closely the developments that led to the introduction of compulsory military service, and likewise the disturbances in Ireland. Germany naturally rejoiced at the Irish rising, and devoted whole pages, with bold headlines, to stirring descriptions. In the early period of the war the "Tageblatt" published a series of articles on conditions in England by Dr. Hans Voss, which I have subsequently learned were pretty accurate as regards facts, and which were quite temperate in tone, while the Amsterdam correspondent of the "Vossische Zeitung" appears to waver every "neutral" traveller from England and squeeze miscellaneous bits of information from him, which he dishes up into spicy articles.

But these were by no means the only German papers at our disposal. For a great number of the men at Ruhlben, previously domiciled in Germany, were in regular receipt of the local newspapers from the towns in which they had lived, and thus we were able to follow

the conditions and opinions in Hamburg and Bremen, in Cologne and Frankfurt, in Munich and Leipzig. We found that the Reichstag reports in a Socialist daily were often much fuller than those in the "bourgeois" papers, especially in the case of Socialist speeches disclosing censorship caprices and military abuses, and we were particularly interested on one occasion to read a Socialist exposure of evils at Ruhlben. That the Reichstag should have to listen to a denunciation of our hardships was somewhat comforting, and there was even something hopeful about it, as the heartless conduct of one of the subordinate officers, who had the authority to grant leave and exercised it all too sparingly, was mercilessly criticised. Through the same medium we also learned that the Reichstag was informed that Ruhlben prisoners of pro-German sympathies were pressed into the service of the German army.

Books, brochures, and maps were also procurable through the camp bookstall, and on the walls of many a horse-box or in the passage of the stables there were pasted large maps of the various theatres of war, upon which the course of operations was followed from day to day. Many men also cut out from their papers the small maps illustrating particular campaigns, and preserved them for future reference. As these various publications had to be ordered through the camp bookstall the authorities could keep a check upon them and prevent the entry of any printed matter that was considered dangerous.

The Ruhlben Camp lies just opposite the main line that runs from Berlin to the west, and we were thus always able to see in what direction the troops were travelling. If they went west in large numbers we knew that another offensive was developing in that region; if east, we concluded that the Russians were becoming troublesome again. We saw hundreds of trains daily, truck-loads of ammunition, and cannon of various sizes. We also saw the Red Cross trains coming

COUGHING INTO  
CONSUMPTION

"Only a Cough" but you stop it while it is ONLY a cough.

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
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The finest preparation made for combating severe coughs. CURES any cough that is only a cough. Very palatable. OF ALL CHEMISTS.

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| Steamers   | Arrive Hongkong from Australia | Leave Hongkong for Australia |
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| "CHANGSHA" | 30th September.                | 7th October.                 |

These steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions, etc., and have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Transient ports.

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Telephone No. 38. Hongkong, Sept. 22, 1916. 1061

## Vessels Advertised as Loading.

| DESTINATION.             | VESSEL.        | AGENTS.                   | DATE OF LEAVING.     |
|--------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Australia Ports, Eastern | Eastern        | Gibb Livingston & Co.     | Oct. 10, at 11 a.m.  |
| Australia Ports, Western | St. Albans     | Gibb Livingston & Co.     | Nov. 10, at 11 a.m.  |
| Batavia, Samarang, &c.   | Saigon Maru    | Osaka Shosen Kaisha       | Oct. 2, at 7 a.m.    |
| Batavia, Samarang, &c.   | Yenimo Maru    | Osaka Shosen Kaisha       | Oct. 9, at 10 a.m.   |
| Batavia, Samarang, &c.   | Kanri Maru     | Dowdell & Co. Limited     | Oct. 10, at 10 a.m.  |
| Batavia, Samarang, &c.   | Saigon Maru    | Butterfield & Swire       | Sept. 28, at 10 a.m. |
| Batavia, Samarang, &c.   | Seiyo Maru     | Toyo Kisen Kaisha         | Nov. 9, at Noon      |
| Batavia, Samarang, &c.   | Amakusa Maru   | Osaka Shosen Kaisha       | Oct. 1, at Noon      |
| London & S. ports        | City of Manila | The Bank Line, Ltd.       | Oct. 10, at Noon     |
| London & S. ports        | Sardinia       | P. & O. S. N. Co.         | Oct. 6, at Noon      |
| London & S. ports        | Novara         | P. & O. S. N. Co.         | About Oct. 29        |
| London & S. ports        | Saigon Maru    | Nippon Yusen Kaisha       | Oct. 13, at Noon     |
| London & S. ports        | Yuenang        | Jardine Matheson Co. Ltd. | Sept. 24, at 4 p.m.  |
| London & S. ports        | Loongang       | Jardine Matheson Co. Ltd. | Oct. 7, at 4 p.m.    |
| London & S. ports        | Tamung         | Butterfield & Swire       | Sept. 26, at 4 p.m.  |
| London & S. ports        | Onagawa        | Butterfield & Swire       | Oct. 7, at 4 p.m.    |
| London & S. ports        | Hokuto Maru    | Dowdell & Co. Ltd.        | Oct. 10, at 4 p.m.   |
| London & S. ports        | Kiwa Maru      | Nippon Yusen Kaisha       | Oct. 13, at 10 a.m.  |
| London & S. ports        | Yamaguchi Maru | Nippon Yusen Kaisha       | Oct. 21, at 10 a.m.  |
| London & S. ports        | Cusford        | Pacific Mail S. S. Co.    | Oct. 4, at Noon      |
| London & S. ports        | Denyo Maru     | Toyo Kisen Kaisha         | Oct. 4, at Noon      |
| London & S. ports        | Nippon Maru    | Toyo Kisen Kaisha         | Oct. 17, 10.30 a.m.  |
| London & S. ports        | Shinyo Maru    | Toyo Kisen Kaisha         | Nov. 1, at Noon      |
| London & S. ports        | Yamaguchi Maru | Nippon Yusen Kaisha       | Oct. 21, at Noon     |
| London & S. ports        | Wosung         | Jardine Matheson Co. Ltd. | Sept. 23, Daylight   |
| London & S. ports        | Choyang        | Jardine Matheson Co. Ltd. | Oct. 1, Daylight     |
| London & S. ports        | Chusan         | Butterfield & Swire       | Sept. 24, at 4 p.m.  |
| London & S. ports        | Shanghai       | Butterfield & Swire       | Sept. 26, at 4 p.m.  |
| London & S. ports        | Shanghai       | Butterfield & Swire       | Oct. 1, Daylight     |
| London & S. ports        | Shanghai       | P. & O. S. N. Co.         | About Sept. 28       |
| London & S. ports        | Shanghai       | Nippon Yusen Kaisha       | Oct. 15, at Noon     |
| London & S. ports        | Shanghai       | Nippon Yusen Kaisha       | Oct. 9, at 10 a.m.   |
| London & S. ports        | Shanghai       | Jardine Matheson Co. Ltd. | Sept. 27, at Noon    |
| London & S. ports        | Shanghai       | Nippon Yusen Kaisha       | Sept. 28, at Noon    |
| London & S. ports        | Shanghai       | Dowdell & Co. Limited     | Sept. 28, at Noon    |
| London & S. ports        | Shanghai       | Dowdell & Co. Limited     | Sept. 28, at 2 p.m.  |
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